(2) The new series covers seven sectors of employment, namely factories, mines, planatations, motor transport, electricity generation and distribution, ports and docks and railways, as against 3 sectors covered in the existing series.

(3) The number of markets has been increased from 142 to 226.

(4) The new series covers more items in the consumption basket as compared to the existing series.

GNLF agitation

*7. SHRI RAMKRISHNA MAZUMDER:

SHRI CHITTA BASU:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have evolved any package programme to meet the situation arising out of the G.N.L.F. agitation in Darjeeling District of West Bengal; and

(b) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI BUTA SINGH): (a) and (b) In consultation with the Chief Minister of West Bengal, an invitation for talks on the issue of Citizenship was extended to Shri Subash Ghishing, President of the G.N.L.F. from the Home Minister. On receipt of the invitation, Shri Ghishing called off the 3 day 'anti-Bengal Day' agitation.

2. Shri Ghishing along with other representatives of G.N.L.F. met the Home Minister on 28th January and 3rd February, 1987. During the talks it was agreed that various issues and problems should be resolved in a peaceful and democratic manner through dicussions. It was further agreed that Shri Ghishing would formulate his proposals regarding citizenship in greater details and forward the same to the Government of India. Shri Ghishing also raised the question of not recruiting Indian Gorkhas to the Gorkha regiment of the Indian Army which, he was told, needed further examination. While Shri Ghishing reassured the Home Minister that his movement would remain peaceful and democratic, the Home Minister impressed upon him the need to strengthen the unity and integrity of the country which was the greatest need of the hour.

3. Subsequently, after the talks, Shri Ghishing announced suspension of the G.N.L.F. agitation initially for a period of two months.

भारत और ब्रिटेन के बीच प्रत्यर्पण संधि

*8. **श्री सत्यपाल मलिक** : क्या विदेश मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) आपराधिक मामलों में अंतर्ग्रस्त व्यक्तियों के आदान-प्रदान के लिए ब्रिटेन के साथ प्रत्यर्पण संधि करने में क्या बाधा है ; और

(ख) इस संधि पर कब तक हस्ताक्षर हो जाने की संभावना है ?

विदेश मंत्री (श्री नारायण दत्त तिवारी): (क) यूनाइटेड किंगडम में भारत विरोधी उग्रवादी और आतंकवादी कार्रवाइयों में लगे व्यक्तियों से निपटने के लिए कोई उपयुक्त कानूनी व्यवस्था किए जाने के संबंध में भारत और यूनाइटेड किंगडम के विशेषज्ञ जनवरी, 1986 से चार अवसरों पर मिले हैं । प्रस्तावित प्रत्यर्पण संधि ऐसी व्यवस्था के एक अंग के रूप में है । यद्यपि दोनों सरकारों के बीच की जाने वाली इस संधि के उपबन्धों से संबंधित मतभेदों में कमी आई है, किन्तु हम अभी भी किसी सहमति पर नहीं पहुंच सके हैं ।

(ख) जब दोनों सरकारें प्रस्तावित संधि के पाठ पर सहमत हो जाएंगी ।

Review of the Punjab situation

*9. SHRI MURLIDHAR CHANDRAKANT BHANDARE:

SHRI MAHENDRA PRASAD:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the situation in Punjab had been reviewed following the killing of the